# CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS DIRECTIVE PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

## Capital requirements directive Pillar 3 disclosure

#### Verification

This information has not been audited by the Company's external auditors and does not constitute any form of financial statement and must not be relied upon in making any judgement on Destek Markets UK Limited.

#### Introduction

## Regulatory Context

The Capital Requirements Directive ('the Directive') of the European Union establishes a revised regulatory capital framework across Europe governing the amount and nature of capital that must be maintained by credit institutions and investment firms. In the United Kingdom, the Directive has been implemented by the Financial Conduct Authority ('FCA') in its regulations through the General Prudential Sourcebook ('GENPRU') and the Prudential Sourcebook for Investment Firms ('IFPRU').

### Frequency

The Firm will be making Pillar 3 disclosures annually. The disclosures will be as at the Accounting Reference Date ("ARD") which is currently 31 December.

## Media and Location

The disclosure is published only in our Accounts and will be available from the Registered office on request.

#### Materiality

The Firm regards information as material in disclosures if its omission or misstatement could change or influence the assessment or decision of a user relying on that information for the purpose of making economic decisions. If the Firm deems a certain disclosure to be immaterial, it may be omitted from this statement.

### Risk Management

The Firm is mindful of the FCA's comments regarding confidentiality and of the comment that both qualitative and quantitative data must be disclosed.

As such, the Firm's policy is to disclose that information required under the FCA Rules but to treat further information as proprietary if sharing that information with the public would undermine its competitive position. Proprietary information may include information on products or systems which, if shared with competitors, would render the Firm's investments therein less valuable. Further, the Firm will regard information as confidential if there are obligations to customers or other counterparty relationships binding the Firm to confidentiality. In the event that any such information is omitted, we shall disclose such and explain the grounds why it has not been disclosed.

The new FCA framework consists of three pillars. Pillar 1 deals with minimum capital requirements; Pillar 2 deals with Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP") undertaken by a firm and the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process through which the firm and regulator satisfy themselves on the adequacy of capital held by the Firm in relation to the risks it faces and; Pillar 3 which deals with public disclosure of risk management policies, capital resources, capital requirements and remuneration policy. The regulatory aim of the disclosure is to improve market discipline and transparency.

The Firm is a limited license firm primarily acts in an excution only capacity in that no specifie advice is given to client. It acts solely as agent on behalf of clients and does not undertake proprietary trading.

# CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS DIRECTIVE PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The Firm's key risks have been identified and grouped as either market, credit, business or operational risks. The Firm has assessed these risks in its ICAAP and has set out appropriate actions to manage them.

#### Market Risk

As a Matched Principal Broker Firm, we are not required to have a trading book. Our potential exposures are non-trading book exposures to foreign currency assets or liabilities held on our balance sheet.

Foreign currency position risk required @ 8%. Risk weighted exposure amount £6,200. Whilst the firms fees may sometimes be in foreign currencies these are converted to sterling upon receipt thus ensuring we are not exposed to any material currency risk on the balance sheet of the Company.

Credit Risk and counter party Credit Risk

The Firm's principal exposure to credit risk is the risk that fees cannot be collected and the exposure to banks where cash held is deposited.

The Firm holds all cash with Banks assigned high credit ratings. Consequently risk of past due or impaired exposures is minimal. The firm's business model utilise client settlement accounts held under trust with counterparties reducing the risk of CCR in the event of a counterparty defaulting.

#### Business risk

By its nature a broke firm has a higher business risk than some other types of business. However within this context the Firm again has a conservative business risk appetite.

Currently the Firm has a simple business strategy and the main business risk is the loss of client business.

## Operational Risk

This incorporates stringed I.T. controls and processes undertaken as well as the regulatory and contingency planning done at the Firm level. Our operational risk appetite is conservative and, as a result, we invest to mitigate such risks.

Our staffing levels also provide a level of contingency cover in all critical business areas.

The Firm has documented contingency planning and disasters recovery procedures and these are regularly reviewed and tested.

We also aim to keep all aspects of our operations as simple as possible.

## **Corporate Background**

## The Firm

The Firm is incorporated in the UK and is authorised and regulated by the FCA. The Firm's activities give it the IFPRU categorisation of a "Limited Licence" and a "IFPRU €125K" firm.

As a Limited Licence Firm we are considered a Proportionality tier three firm for the purposes of the FCA's Remuneration Code.

The Firm is not a member of a UK Consolidation Group and as such this document covers the Firm on a solo basis.

# CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS DIRECTIVE PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

## **Risk Management and Risk Categories**

For its Pillar 1 regulatory capital calculation of Credit Risk, under the credit risk capital component the Firm has adopted the Standardised approach and calculating risk weights.

Credit Risk calculation @ 31 December 2017

Credit Risk Capital Requirement £180,000.

#### Risk Management Objective

The Firm has a risk management objective to develop systems and controls to mitigate risk to within its conservative risk appetite.

## Governance Framework

Mr Kerim Tosun and Mr Tuna Yilmaz make up the Managing Board of Destek Markets UK Limited. The Board meets informally on a weekly basis and formally on a quarterly basis.

#### Risk Framework

The Managing Board is responsible for risk management and reviews the effectiveness of the Firm's system of internal controls to manage and mitigate the risks identified.

#### **Overall Pillar 2 Rule**

The Firm has adopted the "Structured" approach to the calculation of its ICAAP Capital Resources Requirement as outlined in the Committee of European Banking Supervisors Paper, 25 January 2006.

The ICAAP is reviewed by the Managing Board of the Firm annually, or when a material change to the business occurs.

Disclosure: Credit Risk and Dilution Risk

The Firm is primarily exposed to Credit Risk from the risk of non-collection of fees and the exposure to banks where cash held is deposited.

The Firm holds all cash with an A rated UK bank.

See above (Capital Requirement) for calculation of credit risk as at 31 December 2017.

Operational Risk

The Firm's Fixed Overhead Requirement (FOR) is disclosed as a proxy for the Pillar 1 Operational Risk Capital calculation. The Firm's Pillar 1 Capital Resources Requirement is the higher of FOR/the sum of Market Risk and Credit Risk Requirement.

Fixed Overhead Requirement

£527,000.

Disclosures: Exposures to Interest Rate Risk in the Non-Trading Book

Although the Firm has substantial cash balances on its Balance Sheet, there is currently no significant exposure to Interest Rate fluctuations.

# CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS DIRECTIVE PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

## **Disclosures: Remuneration**

The FCA defines Remuneration Code Staff ("Code Staff") in SYSC 19A.3.4 as senior management, risk takers, staff engaged in control functions and any employee receiving total remuneration that takes them into the same remuneration bracket as those detailed above, whose professional activities have a material impact on the firm's risk profile.

The Firm has decided to treat all Directors as Code Staff.

The Managing Board will consider the need to add any new joiners to the list of Remuneration Code Staff during the year.

## **Application**

Based on the Firm's profile we have defined ourselves as a Proportionality Tier Three investment firm ("Tier Three Firm") and adopted a proportioned approach to our remuneration policy. We have considered our individual needs on an ongoing basis and where appropriate disapplied certain provisions in accordance with FCA and CEBS/EBA guidance. The Managing Board will review any provisions which have been disapplied on at least an annual basis, to ensure that it continues to be appropriate.

#### Information concerning the decision-making process

Due to the size of the Company, we do not consider it appropriate to have a separate remuneration committee. Instead this function is undertaken by the Managing Board. This will be kept under review and should the need arise, the Company will consider amending this arrangement to provide greater independent review.

The Directors are members of the Managing Board and also jointly have an equal voting interest in the Company.

The Managing Board of Destek Markets UK Limited is responsible for ensuring that the remuneration policy is developed to align with its risk tolerance. No external consultants assisted in this review. Any person with a question regarding the policy or disclosures made under this policy should refer to the Directors who are members of the Managing Board.

## Information on the link between pay and performance

A key objective in utilising the Company's structure was to align the interests of the directors with the overall goal of achieving the best performance over the long-term for the Company.

# Aggregate Value of Directors salaries for period to 31 December 2017

Based on the profile of the Company we consider we have one business area, market principal broker and all Directors, as Code Staff, have responsibilities that typically fall within job titles FCA guidance indicated would suggest they are senior personnel whose role impacts the risk profile of the Company.

As such, to comply with the FCA remuneration disclosure requirement, we disclose, as per the audited accounts of the Firm, the total Directors salaries which, for the period to 31 December 2017 was £188,974.